cratulated those present upon the fact that ere were so many members of the Leg-Islature present and that no deaths had occurred since the body was elected. The Governor told several good stories apropos to the occasion, and called forth a hearty laugh by stating that he was thankful he did not have a Legislature on his hands. Governor Bushnell's introduction of Mr. Hanna was a very happy one, the toast beng "Ohio, the Mother of Presidents." When Mr. Hanna arose he was given an ovation. He began by stating that he accepted the invitation to attend the banquet on the condition that he was not to e called "pon to make a response. He had been caught unawares, but could not refrain from adding his testimony to the sterling worth of the present Legislature. Ohio was a great State. She had great natural resources and her sons took advantage of them. The country called Presidents from different sections but after a few trials always came back to Ohio for a leader when any great crisis confronted. The Ohio man always made nimself known and felt wherever his lot was cast. Whatever the exigency, contingency or emergency, the Ohio man was always ready to respond to the call of duty, and history did not record a failure on the part of an Ohioan. As a native of Ohio the speaker was proud of the record of life, and, with others, believed that in Ohio all things were possible. Mr. Hanna made no personal dlusions and his brief remarks were loudly applauded.

OREGON'S DUAL HOUSE. Trouble Averted by One House Get-

ting Out of the Other's Way. SALEM, Ore., Jan. 22.-Serious trouble was threatened this morning when the Davis organization of the House met, but it was averted. A number of assistant sergeants-at-arms, sworn in by the Benson organization, had remained in the House all night, and when Davis, at 9:30 o'clock, started to ascend the rostrum to call the House to order he was stopped by three of the deputies, who forbade him, in the name of the State of Oregon, from ascending. Davis asked by what authority they refused to permit him to take his chair. He was told that they had been ordered by Speaker Benson to allow no one to take the chair. Davis repeated his question, and after it had again been answered called on trum, where the proceedings were repeated. At this juncture a compromise was efhat his Hou roll call showed only seven members preswhen Davis took the seat and called House to order. The Davis House ad-

journed until 2 o'clock to-morrow. The Benson House also met to-day, and, after transacting preliminary business, adjourned until Monday. The Senate also adourned until Monday afternoon, which will doubtedly delay the voting for United States senator until Feb. 9.

J. R. Burton Complimented. TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 22.-Republican members of the State Legislature met in caucus to-night and gave the complimentary nomination for United States senator to J. R. Burton, of Abilene. Mr. Burwas selected on the second ballot, receiving forty of the forty-nine votes cast. and Gen. I. C. Caldwell six. The caucus was organized by the Burton faction and. -the Ingalls men refused to attend. The caucus also indorsed Henry C. Payne, of the incoming administration.

Missouri Election Measure.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 22.-Representative Bohart, of Clinton county, in troduced in the House to-day a bill pro viding that any person entitled to vote in this State shall on the day of election be entitled to absent himself from service or employment for a period of four hours between the times of opening and closing the polls without reduction of wages. It also provides that any firm or corporation tryg to influence results by distributing literature or in any other way shall forfeit

Thatcher Gained Three Votes.

BALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Jan. 22.-In the

senatorial ballot to-day three Populists changed from Lawrence to Thatcher. Henderson gained one vote from Rawlins. Thatcher, 24; Henderson, 20; Rawlins, 13; Allen, 32; Lawrence, 1; Nebecker,

Denny Leading in Washington. OLYMPIA, Wash., Jan. 22.-Three ballots were taken for senator by the joint assembly to-day, the ninth in all. The last stood: Denny, 26; Turner, 23; Squire, 5; Cline, 17; Daniels, 18; Baker, 4; Rader, 2;

To Abotish the Pillory. DOVER, Del., Jan. 22.-Mr. Alrichs has in troduced a bill in the State Senate abolishing the whipping post and pillory in Del-

Dubois One Behind Claggett.

BOISE, Idaho., Jan. 22.-The senatorial ballot to-day resulted: Claggett, 27; Dubois, 26; Nelson, 15; Lewis, 1; G. C. Parkinson, 1

Opposed to Fusion. DETROIT, Jan. 22.-After a lengthy dis cussion the State Prohibition convention this afternoon declared itself as opposed to any negotiations toward a fusion with the National Prohibitionists, who seceded last summer at Pittsburg. The resolution gainst fusion was framed by Prof. Samuel Dickie, of Albion, chairman of the national committee, and Nathan Russell, who is as the father of the Prohibition Both defended this resolution in rigorous terms. There was a sentiment in the convention in favor of conciliatory measures, but it was scarcely apparent when the vote was taken on adoption of the

Eckels Will Stay in Office.

authority that there is no truth in the published reports that Mr. Eckels, the controller of the currency, would accept the presidency of a Chicago trust company, now in progress of formation. The term of office of the controller of the currency unler Section 235 of the Revised Statutes is five years, and as his present term began on April 12, 1893, it is very probable that sition at least until 1898.

OBITUARY.

Sir Isaac Pitman, Inventor of a System of Shorthand Writing.

LONDON, Jan. 22.-Sir Isaac Pitman, the inventor of the system or snorthand writing which bears his name, is dead. He has tion of troubles for some time past.

Cardinal Angelo Bianchi.

ROME, Jan. 22.-Cardinal Angelo Bianchi, bishop of Palestrina and prodatary of the Pope, is dead. He was born in Italy 1817 and was created a cardinal in 1882.

Ex-Congressman E. O. Martin. WILMINGTON, Del., Jan. 22.-Ex-Congressman Edward O. Martin died at his ne, in Seaford, this morning, of heart

Industrial Situation Improving.

PASCOAG, R. I., Jan. 22.—The industrial s been depressed for months, is improvrapidly and many of the wooler mills. ich form the chief industry, are increastheir production. The starting of F. Slade & Co.'s mills temporarily this week has been followed by others, among announce that they are making preparations to run on full time. The W. H. Pendergast mills have already begun to make goods at their full capacity and the manement says that if the market sufficiently proves there will be no need to reduce the running time for several months at least. Wagner Brothers are increasing the

operate steadily.

number of their looms daily and will

Gail Hamilton's Estate. BEVERLY, Mass., Jan. 22.-An inventory of the estate of the late Abigail Dodge (Gail Hamilton) was filed to-day in the Salem Probate Court. The estate is valued at \$31,029, of which \$2,250 is in real estate at Hamilton and \$1,000 in this city. There is \$27,000 in various

Conspired Against His Wife.

COUDERTSFORT, Pa., Jan. 22.-J. H. Cosstello, a millionaire lumberman of this place, has been indicted by grand jury on the charge that he led a conspiracy to ruin the reputation of his wife in order to get divorce from her. The proceedings are brought by Mrs. Cosstello.

THE CAMBRIDGE CITY PREACHER RELEASED AT RICHMOND.

Forger and Swindler Escapes on the Insanity Dodge-Tricky Widow Haskins Trapped at Last.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Ind., Jan. 22.-The Rev. J. H. Harwell is no longer a prisoner in the county jail, having been given his freedom this afternoon. His brother, M. P. Harwell, of Atlanta, Ga., arrived this morning to make some arrangements for the minister's care, and as he agreed to see that he was properly cared for the court allowed Rev. Harwell to be released on his own recognizance. The two men left this afternoon for Atlanta and some effort was made to circulate the story that it is the intention to place the crooked minister in a private sanitarium. People only smile when they made by Ohio in all the walks and callings | hear this report. The Rev. Harwell was in jail here a month or more, but did not suffer much in physical appearance as a result. It is charged that he played the "insanity dodge" so as to create sympathy. He studied eccentric things while in jail, one of them being a message to be sent to President-elect McKinley giving him authority to send troops to the aid of the Cubans. It has always been the opinion of some that only a part of the Rev. Harwell's crookedness was ever made public, Little is known of him previous to his com-

Rev. Harwell Also a Forger.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RUSHVILLE, Ind., Jan. 22.-Rev. J. H Harwell, paster of the M. E. Church at Cambridge City, under arrest at Richmond since early December for passing worthless checks, has turned out a forger as well. The Western Wayne Bank of Cambridge City holds his two notes for \$125 each, to which Harwell forged the name of his father-in-law, H. W. Nichols, as surety. bystanders to witness what had passed. Nichols is a wealthy merchant of Glen-He then went to the other side of the ros- | wood, this county, and the Cambridge City bank thought Harwell's paper was good fected by permitting Davis to take his seat | as gold with Mr. Nichols's name attached. | has been living here with Lizzie Hartzell. Another strange transaction in which Har-Benson House was called to order. A | well made use of his father-in-law's name has just come to light here. In December Harwell was in Rushville and caught the Farmers' Bank for \$87 on another of his worthless checks. Taking this money and other cash in his possession, he went to the Rush County National and bought a draft on New York for \$275, making it payable to H. W. Nichols. Taking the draft to Cambridge City, he forged the name of Mr. Nichols as indorser and deposited the draft to his credit in the bank. Mr. Nichols says he knew nothing of either the notes or the draft until after Harwell's arrest, when he began looking into his son-in-law's affairs. Years ago, he says, he ran across some shady money transactions of his ministerial son-in-law, but paid no attention to them at the time. The old man says he believes his son-in-law is as sound in mind as he ever was and assumes the role ex-Senator John J. Ingalis securing three of insanity to save himself. Mr. Nichols says he is ready when called on to appear against Harwell in any court. Harwell has as his nomination was certain, several of been declared of unsound mird by a Richmond court inquest. If this verdict could be set aside or modified in some manner Milwaukee, Wis., for a Cabinet position in | Harwell would be arrested on the charge of forgery. As it is, he stands safety out of reach of the law.

WIDOW HASKINS CAUGHT. She Has Been Swindling People All Over Indiana.

special to the Indianapolis Journal RICHMOND, Ind., Jan. 22.—Developments to-day show that the "widow Haskins" aryesterday securing money most successful confidence-game work-She was taken to Camden, O., last evening, where she entered a plea of guilty and was bound over to the Circuit Court. known which the right one is. They are Mrs. J. D. Haskins, Mrs. J. D. Havelock and Mrs. J. H. Hungerford. Before being taken away Mrs. Haskins told the local officers something of her life, although they are uncertain as to the truth of her story. She says her home is in Sioux Falls, S. D. where she has a son living. She has been twice married, her last husband's name being Havelock, which she says is her correct name. He was a worthless sort of fellow. and she left him, securing a divorce. To make a living she then took to stealing, and finally developed the confidence game. She says she has been successful at every point visited, this being the first at which she had any trouble.

It developed to-day that one of her victims was the local ticket broker. About a week age she appeared at his place of business, giving the name of Hungerford. She had a ticket to Howard City, Mich., but, having been notified to come to Cincinnati she wanted to secure \$5.50 on the ticket. which she would later redeem. She cried so earnestly and talked so well that the broker believed her and let her have the money. He still has the ticket. Among the places where Mrs. Haskins is believed to have got in her work of deeption are Peru, Logansport, Frankfort, Knightstown, Greenville, O., and various owns in the northern and western parts of Indiana. She meant to go to Indianapolis

from here. ALEXANDRIA MURDER CASE.

Davies in Jail for Killing the Man Who Won Mrs. Davies's Heart.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, Ind., Jan. 22.-Deputy Sheriff Frank Smelser arrested James Davies, an Englishman, here to-night on an indict-WASHINGTON, Jan. 22 .- It is stated on ment charging him with the murder of a fellow-Englishman, John Landers, at Alexandria last autumn. Several years ago, Davies came to America and located in the State of Wshington. There he made considerable money. He sent his wife to England on a visit, a few years ago, giving her \$1,000. While there she met John Landers, an old schoolmate. They returned to Amer-Mr. Eckels will continue in his present po- lca, and, after a short and later land, O., came to Muncie, Ind., and later moved to Alexandria, where Mrs. Davies opened a boarding house for the steel workers. She wrote a letter to her husband in Washington, telling him of her return, and dria. Davis reached there last spring, and soon quarreled with Landers, charging him at the time with alienating his wife's affections

At one time Davies followed Landers into a saloon and was prevented from shooting been suffering severely from a complica- him by fellow-workmen. On Aug. 26 Davies shot Landers while the latter was in an Alexandria saloon. The ball went through the neck from the left side and lodged in the right shoulder, having grazed the spinal cord. Landers was removed to the county infirmary, two miles east of Anderson, where he died a month later. At the jai to-night Davies admitted shooting Landers. but claimed he was justified.

Corbett and Fitz Meet at Last.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. GREENCASTLE, Ind., Jan. 22.-The police of this city last night bagged an assortment of tramps, who when arraigned before the mayor, answered to the names | Bank at Louisville. tuation in Pascoag and vicinity, which of Robert Fitzsimmons, James J. Corbett John L. Sullivan, Harry McAuiff and Peter Jackson, and they were as pugnacious as their names indicated. One of them, Sullivan, acted as attorney for the party and he showed acquaintance with the law. When the party was drilled off to the stone them being those of Sayles & Son, who pile Corbett and Fitzsimmons were handcuffed together just for the novelty of getting these two pugs within range of each

Lum Hong Assaults an Editor.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WABASH, Ind., Jan. 22.-Lum Hong, the Chinese laundryman in this city, visited the evening and attacked Editor Benjamin Kinerk with a butcher's cleaver. The Chinaman made a slash at Mr. Kinerk's head. but the editor dodged and made good his escape. In moving to the rear of the of-fice Editor Kinerk's hat flew off and the enraged Chinaman hacked it with the meat Irving W. Adams, of this city. Mr. Adams ax. The Times has published several ar- was for twelve years cashier of the J. B. this new republic should send such a comticles about the Chinaman's wife, who is a Barnaby Company, the largest wholesale

handsome woman of bad character. Albert Ryan Gone with \$283.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. KOKOMO, Ind., Jan. 22.-Albert Ryan,

relief fund, which he had collected from the local employes, that amount being 6 per cent. of the wages of the men for the past six weeks. It is claimed that Ryan lost a portion of the money in a poker game in this city, and, being unable to replace it. absconded. The loss falls on the national

organization Vanhoorebeke in Jail at Anderson.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, Ind., Jan. 22.-Sheriff Starr returned this afternoon with Barney Vanhoorebeke, charged with wife murder. The latter was accompanied by H. P. Martin, an attorney of Green Bay, Wis., as his lawyer. The accused wife murderer persistently refuses to answer questions, and the Pritz woman is in the same mood since the arrival of Attorney Martin. W. A. Kittinger, of Anderson, has been retained to assist in the defense, and Hon. J. W. Lovett for the prosecution by relatives of Mrs. Vanhoorebeke.

Broke Her Baby's Neck.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MARTINSVILLE, Ind., Jan. 22. - Mrs. John McDowell, near Paragon, this county was walking the floor with her six-months old babe yesterday, when she fell in a faint against a hot stove. The babe's neck was broken and instant death ensued. The mother was badly burned before she recovered consciousness. The burns and the shock of the little one's death render her recovery doubtful.

Explosion in a Mine Injures Three.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Ind., Jan. 22.-While firing a blast in the coal mines at Montgomery, seven miles east of here, late this afternoon, Andrew Gates and John Mount, miners, were probably fatally burned by the explosion of a keg of powder that was standing near. Another miner, a Frenchman, was fatally injured by falling slate He was nearly mashed through.

Byron K. Elliott to Try Beach.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 22.-The attorneys in the Beach case have agreed on Judge Byron K. Elliott as a special judge, Judge Piety being ineligible through former connection with the case. Beach was indicted for embezzlement on the ground that he received deposits in the Prarie City Bank after it was insolvent.

Living with the Wrong Woman.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, Ind., Jan. 22.-Charles Crouse, of Union City, Ind., was arrested here to-night by Chief of Police Coburn. Crouse, who has a family in Union City,

Indiana Notes. Rev. Alexander Rowlinson, of Chicago,

has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Christian Church at Madison James Smyser, a carpenter of Martinsville, has brought a \$5,000 damage suit against the Big Four for permanent injuwreckless handling of an engine on the

Charles Simpson entered a plea of guilty to horse stealing at Crawfordsville and was sentenced to the penitentiary for three years. He hired a horse and buggy at a livery stable and drove through to Terre Haute, where he tried to sell the outfit.

COLD, FREEZING, FAIR. Predictions and Observations of the

Local Weather Bureau. Forecasts for Indianapolis and vicinity for the twenty-four hours ending 11 p. m., Jan. 23 .- Cold, freezing, fair weather on

General Conditions Yesterday-The storm area continued to move rapidly eastward with its center over New England and the temperature fell everywhere except near the gulf coast and the Atlantic coast; a cold current in its rear swept rapidly southeastward from beyond North Dakota and Minnesota to Indiana, causing the temperature to fall from 10 to 30 degrees in its path. Zero to 20 degrees below zero prevails from North Dakota and Minnesot northward. Light snow fell from Lake Superior westward to Montana and from Michigan and Indiana eastward to the At-

lantic coast. FORECAST FOR THREE STATES. WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.-For Indiana and Illinois-Generally fair during the day north winds; colder in southern portion. For Ohio-Generally fair, preceded by lo cal snows on the lakes; much colder.

Friday's Local Observations.

Time, Bar, Ther. R. H. Wind. Wea. Prec. 7 a. m. 29.82 33 90 S'west. Lt. snow. 0.03 7 p. m. 30.14 17 80 West. Clear. T Miximum temperature, 37; minimum temperature, 17. Following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation Jan. 22:

Mean Departure from normal Total departure since Jan. 1.... *116 C. F. R. WAPPENHANS, Local Forecast Official.

Yesterday's Temperatures. 7 a. m. Max. 7 p. m.

Atlanta, Ga 34	56	48
Rismarck N. D 6	*4	*4
Buffalo, N. Y	32	28
Calgary N. W. T 0	52 52	•6
Cairo. Ill	52	42
Cheyenne, Wyo 24 Chicago, Ill 34	50	44
Chicago III 34	34	8/
Concordia Kan 32	44	30
Davennort 1a 20	20	8
Des Moines, Ia 4 Dodge City, Kan 30	14	12
Dodge City Kan 30	40	32
Galveston, Tex 44	50	50
Helena, Mont 38	50	46
Jacksonville, Fla 38	54	54
Kansas City, Mo 34	34	30
Jacksonville, Fla 38 Kansas City, Mo 34 Little Rock, Ark 34	58	52
Minnedosa, Manitoba*18		84-
Marquette, Mich 18	24	10
Memphis Tenn 34	54	52
Moorhead, Minn*10	9.4	**
Nashville, Tenn 30	52	. 48
New Orleans, La 44	56	52
New York, N. Y 32	42	34
North Platte, Neb 32	44	40
Oklahoma, O. T 36	52	42
Omaha Neb 20	20	18
Pittsburg, Pa 32	40	34
Pittsburg, Pa	*20	*20
Rapid City, S. D 28	32	22
Salt Lake City, Utah 38	48	40
St Louis Mo 42	42	32
St. Paul. Minn 4	4	*4
Springfield, Ill 36	36	18
Springfield Mo	42	34
Vicksburg Miss	54	54
Washington D. C	50	44
*Indicates "below zero."		
	-	

Business Embarrassments.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 22.-No more failures seem likely to occur here. The banks asking him to bring their son to Alexan- received more than a million dollars from outside sources this morning and are ail standing together. Each bank has from \$100,000 to \$300,000 piled on the counters. All agreed to refuse to pay time deposits without sixty days' notice. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 22.-The Camp-

bell-Eaton Crockery Company, one of the largest concerns in Kansas City, failed tounder a chattel mortgage for \$12,500. The assets amount to \$37,000; liabilities estimated CINCINNATI, Jan. 22.-Thomas B. Youtsey, cashier of the First National Bank of

Newport, which closed its doors on Monday last, has made an asignment. No statement of assets and liabilities has been made. This step is taken in consequence of attachments having been isued by creditors. WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.-The controller of the currency has appointed Robert A. Courtney receiver of the German National

"Railroaded" to Prison.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22 .- Four men who yesterday attempted to rob Henry Rinkus's Bank, on Grand street, will be taken to the State Prison to-morrow, having been caught, indicted, tried and sentenced in less | He had so expressed his conviction to the | point and Nicaragua's rights in this matter than twenty-four hours. They are Jacob Decker, with many allases, John Murphy, Liddell. All are ex-convicts. The prisoners were taken before the grand jury this afternoon and all were indicted. Vidt turned State's evidence. They were at once arraigned in the Court of General Sessions. pleaded guilty and were sentenced, Murphy Morning Times office about 4:30 o'clock this and Decker to ten years and Vidt to seven years in Sing Sing Prison, and Davidson to the Elmira Reformatory.

Suicide Probably Identified.

Barnaby Company, the largest wholesale munication. If they believed that their and retail clothing concern in the city. Two governments desired to forfeit any concesweeks ago he voluntarily resigned the posi-tion and left the city. He had stated that he intended killing himself.

President Faure intends to visit Algeria. clerk in the Greentown glassworks and The date of the visit has not been fixed. No agent of the National Glass Workers' previous French President has visited Al-

VENEZUELA

GREAT BRITAIN GETS INDEMNITY FOR THE URUAN OUTRAGE.

Incident That Grew Out of the Arrest of an Official-Bismarck Family Slighted by the Kaiser.

unable to say whether this sum represents

the total indemnity." The Uruan incident grew out of the arrest of William Alfred Harrison, a British Guiana government official, and a party who were making a survey for a road on Acarabisi creek, by an armed Venezuelan force, who claimed that he was on British territory. The British party were taken under arrest to Eldorado, but were subsequently released.

SLIGHTED BY WILHELM.

Germany's Emperor Shows He Has No Love for the Bismarck Family. LONDON, Jan. 23 .- According to the Berlin correspondent of the Daily News, Emperor William was invited to attend the wedding breakfast last week of the daughter of Count Von Weddell, minister of the imperial household, to Count Von Bismarck-Holen, to which the Bismarck fam-Count Herbert Bismarck. Count Zu Eulenberg, the court marshal, fried to arrange matters, but the Emperor was obdurate and Count Von Weddell's family was compelled to ask Count Herbert Bismarck to remain away from the wedding.

The Daily Telegraph's Berlin correspondent, with reference to the Emperor's slight at the wedding breakfast of Count Von Weddell's daughter, says: "The ex-chancellor's name was not mentioned at the breakfast, and there were only two toasts -one to the Emperor and one to the newly married couple. Everybody regards it as a slight to the old chancellor, because it is known that Count Herbert tried to dissuade his father from making the recent revelations of diplomatic history, which it is supposed are the cause of the new breach.

Didn't Wait to Be Punished.

BRASS, Guiana Coast, Jan. 22.-News has just been received here that the expedition sent by the Royal Niger Company against the Emir of Nupe from Lokoja found the ries received in a runaway caused by Foulah army dispersed and in flight when it arrived at Kabba. The expedition consisted of five hundred Haussa troops, six Maxim rapid-fire guns, twenty-six mounted European officers and nine hundred carriers. was headed by the governor, Sir George Goldie, and was accompanied by the Royal Niger Company's flotilla of armored sternwheel steamers. The quarrel between the powerful Emir of Nupe and the Niger Company is an old one and arose from the Emir raiding the company's territory for The Foulah force at Kabba was estimated to amount to twenty thousand foot and two thousand cavalry.

Verdict for an American. PRETORIA, South African Republic, Jan. 22.-The high court has decided in favor of the American engineer, R. E. Brown, who sued the government for a declaration of at Wilfontein, or, in default, demanding the awaited a motion to recommit the bill. payment of £1,000,000 (\$5,000,000). The suit arose from the government proclaiming Wilfontein to be open for gold mining on a certain date, whereupon Mr. Brown pegged out large blocks of claims. But in the meantime the government withdrew the proclamation, and afterwards proclaimed Wilfontein under the lottery law.

Victoria Slighted by Turks.

LONDON, Jan. 23 .- The Chronicle's Constantinople correspondent says: "The press censor insists on changing the sequence of European sovereigns in the list in the local almanac, in order to remove Queen Victoria from the place of honor at the head | the statement that "blackmail" was im-

Cecil Rhodes in England. PLYMOUTH, Jan. 22 .-- Col. Cecil Rhodes, formerly premier of Cape Colony, arrived here to-day from South Africa. He has

returned to England to be present at the

(Concluded from First Page.)

made into the Transvaal raid. CANNOT BUILD CANAL

America, isolated as she is among nations. should enter on an agreement for the arbitration of disputes. He did not believe a court could be formed in a way that would do justice to this country. Proceeding, the senator declared it to be chimerical to talk of a treaty for the settlement of all differences arising between two countries related to each other as are Great Britain and the United States. "We have them." he said, "on all sides-north and south." As long as England continued to increase her fortifications from Newfoundland southward on the Atlantic coast and also on the Pacific, it did not behoove this country to enter into any entangling alliances that would prevent prompt action on the part of this country in case such action should prove wise or expedient. Under the terms of the treaty it would take a year or two to get any question of terthe disputed territory, while the United to the secretary of state." He says he has States stood aloof to wait on the international court. Questions of this character were liable to arise on our Alaskan boundary, and also in the Isthmus of Panama, 'questions which." he said, "are of sufficient magnitude to demand from us the utmost care in our consideration of this

document. It was at this point that Senator Morgan, who had been in conference with other members of the committee on foreign relations, broke in on the Nevada senator to remind him that he was trenching on the executive functions of the Senate. Mr. Stewart, therefore, desisted. He did not stop, however, without a closing wish to the effect that he hoped plenty of t me would be taken to prevent this country's

losing everything.

SHERMAN'S SENSATION. The military academy bill was then taken up. This caused some discussion, which continued until 2 o'clock, when the Nicaragua canal bill was taken up. Mr. Sherman created quite a sensation by presentthe minister of the Greater Republic of Central America to the secretary of state, which had been transmitted by Secretary Olney. The communication criticised the day, the store and fixtures being taken pos- pending Nicaragua bill in various particwhich, in his opinion, would render them nugatory. As soon as the communication had been

read, Mr. Morgan took the floor. He said Senate in proper form because it came was; did not even know officially of the existence of the "Greater Republic of Central America." "Mr. Rodriguez is the accredited repre-sentative here of that republic," inter-

rupted Mr. Sherman. "I understand," replied Mr. Morgan, "that he has been received and bowed into the diplomatic corps, but this is our first knowledge that such a government exists.' Mr. Morgan said the British government adjusting the compensation, which it ought was interested in counteracting the purposes of the United States as to Nicaragua. The bills established nothing on this other secretary of state. British railway lines had been established across the isthmus for George Davidson and George Vidt, alias the distinct purpose of securing exclusive control of this isthmus communication. This belief was confirmed by recent development. Turning to the letter from Minister Rodriguez, the senator exclaimed;

"Great Britain is using that Diet as a cat'spaw for the purpose of driving us out of the isthmus. That is a serious statement, but I make it deliberately in the United States Senate, and it demands an answer. Raising his right hand Mr. Morgan brought it down with resounding force on the desk and added: "That answer must be given before there is any ratification of this new Mr. Morgan said it arbitration treaty." was an unusual thing that the minister for sion they should do it, and then the American Congress would determine if there had been a violation of contract rights given to

Mr. Hale interposed the suggestion that Minister Rodriguez's letter seemed to raise a grave question as to whether the measure | closes in the following words: Union, disappeared this week, taking with him \$283 belonging to the A. F. G. W. U.

The National Glass Workers under consideration could proceed. Whether under consideration could proceed the consideration could proceed. Whether under consideration could proceed the consideration could proceed the consideration could proceed the consideration could proceed the consid

American citizens.

ance of the unexpected letter. Senators Davis, Brice and others gathered about Mr. Gray's desk and took turns in reading the minister's letter. Mr. White asked if there was a minister from Nicaragua.

"IMPERTINENT INTRUSION."

Mr. Morgan explained the diplomatic "This is an impertment intrusion, thrust in our face while the Senate is seeking to deal with the Isthmian question." Mr. Morgan favored making Nicaragua live up LONDON, Jan. 22 .- The Times corre- to her contract and concessions. Until latespondent at Georgetown, British Guiana, | ly she had favored American construction says: "Venezuela has paid an indemnity of of the canal. And yet she comes here, with £1,500 pounds for the Uruan outrage. I am | two other Central American countries, and raises objections, which, if held to be good, would end the prospect of American control of the Nicaragua canal. The American people would not quietly give up the right to control that great waterway, whatever clamor may be raised for a peace treaty with Great Britain. The presentation of this letter, coming from the secretary of state, meant that the President of the United States had determined that the pending Nicaragua canal bill was not to be allowed to pass. That was a remarkable threat, and yet it was so in line with previous executive action that Mr. Morgan said he felt quite prepared for the interference. Mr. White suggested that the letter had been sent by the secretary of state to the committee on foreign relations for its private information and the chairman (Mr. Sherman) had undertaken to make it public

in the Senate. Mr. Morgan said the real cause for the appearance of this Rodriguez letter was hat it proposed a renewal of the Frelinghuysen-Sevalla treaty, by which we were to pay Nicaragua \$4,000,000. "Does wish to handle that inquired Mr. Morgan, suggestively. The senator believed this was the real motive for the appearance of Massachusetts .2,238,943 ily had been invited, and refused to meet | the letter. "Let this minister send that statement back to his government." exclaimed Mr. Morgan. Mr. Morgan referred to the position of Mr. Sherman as to treaties affecting the canal. "I will say," interjected Mr. Sherman, that I favor the Nicaragua canal.

Mr. Morgan said the letter of Mr. Rodriguez was in effect a notice to the Senate not to pass the Nicaragua canal bill. With this threat "flouted in our faces," he said, and the Anglo-American treaty standing ahead of us, the United States Senate might as well close its work and surrender its functions as to accept the views of this minister, about whom the Senate knows Mr. Hale insisted that the minister's pro-

test was of the gravest consequence.

A POWER BEHIND NICARAGUA. Proceeding Mr. Morgan said it was regretable that senators were under such contempt from the President that they were not informed as to the circumstances of Mr. Rodriguez's recognition. But the Senate was in such a humiliating position that the President gave it no information as to this important question. The entire plan of building the canal might as well be abandoned if this threat from Mr. Rordiguez was heeded. Would the next step be to ratify a treaty which further hedged and protected Great Britain? That might satisfy some gentlemen who liked foreign tities and decorations and aristocracy, but it did not suit him, and he would never approve it. Why has Nicaragua come in at the last hour, just as the oill is about to

her." He said this was a serious moment in the Senate. It was being tendered a halter with which to hang itself for at least five years. The United States had stood by silently, while the British occupied Corinto. And now this proposition of biackmail was presented, which threatened rights in his favor respecting certain claims to destroy the bill. He expected and Mr. Hale feit that the word "blackmail" was ill-chosen, and that Nicaragua's motives were not open to such insinuations. The subject was laid aside temporarily to receive two messages from the President; one a veto of the bill relative to judicial districts in Texas and the other sub-

pass" asked Mr. Morgan. "It is because

she has a strong power standing behind

mitting a list of Cuban claims, etc., in accordance with a resolution of the Senate calling for information. Returning to the Nicaragua canal debate, Mr. Vilas said the communication from the minister of a friendly power had dealt a senator paid a high tribute to the central American states, and severely criticised plied by the communication just presented. A motion by Mr. Daniel, that when the Senate adjourn it be until Monday developed the absence of a quorum and the Senate at 4:45 adjourned until to-morrow.

RODRIGUEZ'S LETTER.

parliamentary investigation which is to be Basis of the Request for a Renunciation of the Canal Concession. WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.-The document which formed the basis of Senator Morgan's remarks on the Nicaragua canal today was a communication from Senor J. D. Rodriguez, minister of the Greater Republic of Central America. It was a type-

written paper of several pages, dated at the greater republic's legation headquarters in this city Jan. 15, 1897. It was presented to the Senate by Senator Sherman, as chairman of the committee on foreign relations, having been forwarded to him by Secretary Senor Rodriguez opens his communication by saying that "as several bills relative to the construction of an interoceanic canal through Nicaragua have been for some time pending before both houses of Con-

gress." his government recently instructed ritorial significance before the proposed tri- him to examine them and to make under bunal. In the meantime, Great Britain, in certain conditions "suitable representations finds that they are at variance in matters of detail with the stipulations of the contract of April 24, 1887, between Nicaragua and the canal company. He then calls attention to the fact that the eighth article of that contract provides that the concession shall not be transferrable to governments or to foreign powers, and that Article 53 provides that any contravention of the stipulation shall entail a forfeiture of the contract. He asserts that the bills before Congress effect a transfer to the government of the United States, making this government the absolute owner. He also points out other facts which are, he says, at variance with the contract, and

proceeds to say: "Among the benefits which Nicaragua reserves to herself is 6 per cent. of the shares, bonds, certificates or such other obligations as the company may issue with a view to fact that the company has made several is-sues, it has not fulfilled its obligation, and. The mech sues, it has not fulfilled its obligation, and, as the bills say nothing on this particular vised and amended by every Legislature for evening and West hit McGiverin on the point, these securities would probably eith- the past twelve years, and if it is amended er be lost in the new form of the enterprise ing and having read a communication from or would be liable to troublesome and tedious litigation. Two of the bills in question have already been reported by a committee, so that they may finally exclude the others, Nothing, however, is established in them with regard to the shares that would belong to Nicaragua, and it might happen, owing to this, that Nicaragua would get none at session of by the Citizens' National Bank | ulars and pointed out certain objections | all. If the company were to issue \$100.000,000 or \$150,000,000 worth of bonds in order to meet the cost of the work, which bonds would have to be considered as capital, or be left out of the contract, Nicaragua would the communication had come before the be entitled to 6 per cent. by virtue of the stipulation, but the bills leave no door open through the State Department, but the to such a possibility, nor do they allow her Senate had no knowledge of who the signer | any participation in the issue which is to be

made in order to pay for the work already done. Senor Rodriguez then calls attention to the fact that the contract obligated the completion of the canal within three years,

"That term expired a long time ago, but the company, notwithstanding the most earnest solicitation, has made no pretense of meeting that obligation or of definitely to pay in order to be discharged therefrom. might thus be annulled in consequence of

"By the plan involved in the new form which the bills devised for the enterprise, the present company is extinguished and nothing remains of it in its relations with the enterprise, save the shadow of a personality represented by a vote in the board of directors of eleven members; while in its relations with Nicaragua it may always claim full personality as the holder of the concession, although having none of the means necessary to enable it to meet its "Finally, it is to be observed that, while

the bills contravene and set at naught stipulations of the contract they do not state whether the remaining ones still remain in force or not, although among these latter there are very many which are of no great importance to Nicaragua in particular and to Central America in general.' Mr. Rodriguez says he does not question the good faith of the outhors of the various bills and adds that he is impelled to the course which he is pursuing with the hope of protecting just rights. The document

Morgan, in charge of the bill, as to the furnish it therewith, and since that constatus since the presentation of this let- tract excludes the possibility of attaining that result, the undersigned having been Other senators interposed questions and duly authorized to do so, proposes to his intense interest was shown in the appear- excellency, the secretary of state, that the two governments, relying on the favorable disposition of the government of the United States-shall come to a strict understanding on the subject on the basis of the Savella-Frelinghuysen treaty with such modifications as may be agreed on and endeavoring to reach a just arrangement with the Maritime Canal Company of Nicaragua, so that status, and then declared with emphasis: it may renounce a concession whose conditions it is unable to fulfill."

UNKNOWN STEAMER SUNK.

Collision Off the Coast of England-

Twenty Lives Probably Lost. LONDON, Jan. 22.-The British steamer Salisbury, from Port Reath to Newport, has been in collision with an unknown steamer about four miles from Ilfracombe, Devonshire. The latter is supposed to have sunk with a crew of about twenty men.

Movements of Steamers.

QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 22.-Arrived: Lucania, from New York. LIVERPOOL, Jan. 22.-Sailed: Nomadic, for New York. NEW YORK, Jan. 22.-Arrived: Ohio, from Hull. GENOA, Jan. 22 .- Sailed: Fulda, for New

STUDY IN ELECTION FIGURES.

Great Vote in Indiana, Obio, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky and West Virginia. Philadelphia American.

Here are some noteworthy figures bearing on the last election. popula- males of Number tion, cenvoting sus of age, cen- counted, sus of 1890. New York5,997,853 1,769,649 1,424,119 Pennsylvania ...5,528,014 1,461,869 1,016,464 1,014,548 Indiana2,192,404 1,072,663 1,091,166 181,400 450,792 Michigan2,093,889 617,445 542,470 Minnnesota1,301,826 341,539 376,036 520,332 705,718

Missouri 2,679,184

Nebraska1,058,910

301,500 383,231 Kansas1,427.096 These figures indicate that there has been a phenomenal increase of population in the States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky and West Virginia-States that had to be carried in order to insure Mr. McKinley's election-a phenomenal growth that was not shared by the other States of the Union. It will be noticed that in 1890 the number of males over twenty-one total years of age in Ohio was 1,016,464. This number included all those unnaturalized citizens not entitled to vote, though of voting age. In 1896 1,014,548 votes were count-In Indiana 45,000 more votes were counted in 1896 than there were men of voting age, not voters, in 1829. In Illinois 19,000 more votes were counted than there were men of voting age, including all unnaturalized foreigners, in 1890. In Iowa there were several hundred more voters counted in 1896 than there were men of voting age in 1890; in Kentucky 5,000 less, and in West Virginia 18,000 more.

None of the other States show such startling and unaccountable increase of In Michigan the fight was as hot as in Indiana. In Michigan the men of voting age entitled to register are at least proportionately as numerous as in Indiana. There is no reason to suppose Indiana has Yet Indiana counted 45,000 more votes than there were men of voting age in 1890. Michigan voted 75,000 within the number of men of voting age given in census of 1890. reader can analyze the other States for himself. The results are startling. Either the census taken in 1890 is unreliaeleventh census might be in order ._

The Mechanics' Lien Law. To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal:

I would like to reply to the two articles

in Monday's Journal in regard to mechan-

ics' lien law. Both articles seem to fall

into the same error, namely, that this whole trouble is with the dishonest contractor. Let me tell them where the main trouble death blow to the pending canal bill. The | is. In my opinion it is in the prevailing idea of getting something for nothing. I have been contracting for twenty years, can speak from experience, and I find this to be the universal rule: Whenever a person persists in contracting his building to a builder who does not understand his business and figures everything so low that he could not possibly follow the plans and specifications and have money enough to pay his bills, just so sure he will have to pay for something-as he is pleased to term it-twice; but, in fact, in the end he does not pay a fair price for good job work. Bonds or security of any kind never made any man honest, and a rascally contractor can beat any one building a house no matter how careful the owner may be. if he can't do it in the material he will in the workmanship or in not paying his bills. Just so soon as the owners will exercise some judgment in the selecting of their builders and take into consideration the moral character and honesty, as well as the ability to contract the work, and be willing to pay a reasonable price with a fair profit for the work, then will they find they have no use for any lien law. But under the present law it is not much trouble for the owner to make inquiry of the county recorder, before paying the contractor, whether there are any mechanics' liens filed against his building, or he can protect himself by refusing to settle until sixty days have expired. But, after all, honesty is the best and only safe policy, and I believe the majority of the contractors are honest and will pay out the last cent on a building (without taking into account their own labor) before defaulting with the owner. A great many contractors are poor men, and, after paying out all the money due them. there is only one way left, and that is for the owner to pay out or beat some material man. If there is any benefit derived from a cheap job it is the owner that gets it, and he ought not to object and call the contractor all kinds of bad names. I have been a bidder on quite a number of jobs where some one, by mistake or inability to figure | man to the Dispensary and made the necesthe plans correctly, would put in a very sary repairs. The cut was about three low bid and in the face of the architect and against his advice, and under the protest of other bidders, the owner would go ahead | man refused to tell anything about how and contract his building, thinking, perhaps, that he could afford to take the with him and the two men left the Dispenchances of teating somebody in order to sary as soon as the wound was dressed, get a cheap job. I suspect that is about Later in the evening the police arrested the case of some of the men who want Harry West, of 295 West Merrill street, the raising capital. Now, notwithstanding the everybody to think that all the contractors

for the next twenty years it would not suit | ting in Mike Gunther's barrel house, on everybody. While it may seemingly work | West Washington street, when McGiverin a hardship on some people it may prove a benefit to many others. If a man wishes to head with a piece of gas pipe. Several blows avoid trouble, when he is ready to build a were struck and each one laid the skull nice home, let him make up his mind to pay what a good house is worth and then select his builder from a class that understands the business of building, one that has a reputation for honesty and good workmanship. and I can assure him when his house is completed he will have no just cause to and has asked the Board of Safety to recomplain and will not be ashamed to tell his friends who built the house and how well he is pleased with it. F. M. H. Redkey, Ind., Jan. 19.

Whisky Brokers' Convention. CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 22 .- The whisky brokers' convention adjourned to-day after

making some progress, but not quite com-

lication of an official price list prepared by

pleting the plan of arranging for the pub-

a disinterested salaried official. It is ex-

pected that the steps taken may in the future result in the accomplishment of the plan. The next meeting will be called by the parties in interest. Millionaire Seriously Injured. GUELPH, Ont., Jan. 22.-William Bell, the millionaire organ and piano manufacturer of Guelph, was probably fatally injured while returning from Toronto yes-

terday. He was found lying unconscious

near the railway track a few miles from

here, with severe wounds on his head. It

is thought that he was seized with a faint-

ing fit while passing from one car to an-

Costly Railway Wreck. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan. 22.—The total amount of damages claimed of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad on account of the Cahaba river wreck to date is \$365,000. Four more suits were filed to-day, as follows: Joseph Powell, administrator of Mrs. Emma Powell, \$50,000; Horace Walker, Mamie

Walker and Lytie Walker each \$5,000. Noted Swindlers Arrested.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.-The poli e have under arrest George F. McDonald and Edward Noyes, who some years ago helped swindle the Bank of England out of a million pounds sterling. The police decline to say



National Tube Works WROUGHT-IRON PIP B

Boiler Tubes, Cast and Malicable Iron Fittings (black and galvanized), V Ives Stop Cocks, Engine Trimmings Steam Gauges, Pipe Tongs, Pipe Cutters, Vises, Screw Plates and Dies, Wrenches, Steam Teams Wrenches, Steam Traps, Pumps, Kitchen sinks, Hose, Belting, Babbit Metal, Sol-der, Walte and Colored Wip-ing Waste, and all other Supplies use in connect on with Gas, Steam and Water. Nat-Gas, Steam and Water. Vatural Gas Supplies a special to Steam-heating Apparat a for Public Buildings, Siere-rooms, Mills, Shops, Factories, Laundries. Lumber Dry-houses, etc. Cut and Thread to order any size Wought-iron Pipe, from by inch to 12 inches diameter.

Knight & Jillson, 75 and 77 S. PENNSYLVANIA ST.

AN INTERESTING SITUATION. ERSONS wishing to borrow money upon welllocated and improved city real estate are invited to call at the office of

The Union Trust Company

No. 68 East Market Street.

Money can be furnished without delay and

upon reasonable terms. PAID-UP CAPITAL - \$600,000 SURPLUS FUND - - \$60,000

1st Vice President

Stockholders' Additional Liability, - \$600,000

OFFICERS: JOHN H. HOLLIDAY, HENRY EITEL, 2d Vice Prest. and Treasurer. ADDISON C. HARRIS, H. C. G. BALS

UNION STATE HOSPITAL

Secretary.

Banquet at the Denison-John H. Holliday President.

The trustees of the proposed Union State Hospital of Indiana met at the Denison House last night, in company with a number of physicians and others interested in grown faster in population than Michigan. | the movement, and the organization was completed and the movement given a new impetus. About fifty sat down to a banquet in the ordinary, and then remarks were made by a number of gentlemen, including John H. Holliday, Dr. W. B. ble or the vote counted in 1896 is a fraud, Fletcher, H. H. Hanna, Dr. Joseph East-An investigation into the reliability of the | man, Dr. H. A. Baker of Columbus, Dr. John Kolmer, Dr. L. L. Todd, Dr. A. Maxwell, Dr. L. H. Dunning, Rev. Fuller Swift of Columbus, ex-Senator George Gifford of Tipton, Senator J. J. M. La Follette of Portland, Dr. O. S. Runnels, Dr. Wallace

of Franklin and Dr. A. W. Brayton.

From what these gentlemen said it was

shown that some decided progress had been made in the work. It is the intention to establish in this city a permanent hospital, which shall be open to the citizens of the State. It will be conducted entirely by donations, endowments and money contributed by the charitably inclined. There is no intention or expectation of calling upon the State for any appropriation. The pital will aim especially to treat persons suffering with nervous or mental disease, It will also seek to teach by giving students the benefit of clinical work in the hospital. It is not to be conducted by any particular school of medicine or in the interest of any school, but is to be open and free to all schools upon equal terms. The articles of incorporation which were adopted last night embrace these points. Under the articles the hospital is to be managed by a board of trustees, and accordingly, with the adoption of the articles of association, the following persons were chosen as members of the board: A. C. Ayres, Mrs. G. H. Chapman, T. C. Day, B. K. Elliott, H. C. Long, H. H. Hanna, Benjamin Harrison, V. K. Hendricks, J. H. Holliday, Louis Hollweg, Claude Matthews. Ferd Mayer, Mrs. George Merritt, M. J. Osgood, J. F. Pratt, James E. Rob-erts, G. A. Schnull, C. R. Williams, Albrecht Kipp, Indianapolis; C. L. Henry, Anderson; A. W. Butler, Brookville; Mrs. Z. T. Sweeney, Columbus; Lew Wallace, Crawfordsville; R. A. Richardson, Evansville; T. W. Woolen, Franklin; Mrs. M. Levering, Lafayette; F. L. Powell, Madison; S. P. Sheerin, Logansport; Walter Vail, Michigan City; A. W. Brady, Muncie; C. A. Brownell, Peru; J. J. M. La Follette, Portland; T. Nicholson, Richmond; M. S. Blish, Seymour; George H. Gifford

John H. Holliday was elected president of the board of trustees, Charles R. Williams secretary and Junus F. Fratt treasurer.

His Skull Laid Bare. About 10 o'clock last night a man who later gave the name of "Reddy" West, called at the office of Dr. Eisenbeiss to have a cut on his head sewed up. Dr. Eisenbeiss was not there and a call was sent to the City Dispensary. Dr. Collins brought the inches long and laid the skull bare. The he happened to be injured. A friend was man who was injured, and John McGiverin, of 21 North West street, both potato pedhead with a stick. Later West was sitslipped up behind him and hit him on the

Orphans' Home Fire Escapes. Chief Barrett, of the fire department, has visited the Indianapolis Orphan Asylum quire outside stairways to be built, to be

used in case of fire. The present fire es-

capes are ladders, which it would be im-

possible for the small children to use. The

board will ask the trustees to act upon the recommendation. Youthful Thieves Arrested. Yesterday afternoon Foster Parker, a tenvear-old colored boy living at 2.5 West Eleventh (old Second) street, and Robert Elliott. aged nine, living at 27 Roanoke street, went into a West Washington-street clothing store and stole two vests. They took them to the Statehouse, where they were ar-

stealing. The Beam in the English Eye.

London Daily Mail.

ing partly an American.

rested. Each boy says the other did the

It is curious how one may be face to face with the truth without recognizing it. Until this week I had cherished the conviction that only Americans followed the prosaic habit of placing an initial between the christian and the surname; but an American writer, stung into retort by the many jibes directed at his countrymen by English novelists on this matter, points out that we on this side of the Atlantic frequently indulge in this method of signature. By way of illustration, he mentions the names of Louis N. Parker, Albert D. Vandam, Dorothy C. Nicholl, Rosa N. Carey, and especially Silas K. Hocking. Thus awakened, I have mentally looked about me, and am bound to admit the justice of the accusation. How can I do otherwise when immediately confronted among familiarly known people by such designations as Annie S. Swan, Solomon J. Solomon, Stanley J. Weyman. Louis F. Austin, Walter H. Pollock, Katharine S. Macquoid, or Arthur A. Sykes? Lastly, have we not Jerome K. Jerome? But I suppose Mr. Jerome should properly be excluded from this list as be-

Gas, Steam and Water